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In Advance - - - - - \$1.00

For Payment of all descriptions furnished to order, and guaranteed to prove satisfactory as to quality.

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NEWS OF THE WEEK.

The East.

Three executions took place on Friday last week. At Dedham, Mass., James H. Costley was hung for the murder of Julia Hawkins, whose killing was traced to him upon evidence purely circumstantial, but of the strongest and most conclusive character. At Thomaston, Me., two murderers swung together—Louis Wagner, the bloody stealer in the Isle of Skye tragedy, whereas the victims were two Norwegian women who were so unfortunate as to have \$20 in silver in their possession; and John T. Gordon, who murdered in their beds his brother and the latter's wife and infant child, and then set fire to the house to conceal his crime. Gordon was hung with evidence of insanity, resulting from an attempt at suicide by stabbing himself in the breast on the morning of his execution.

A terrible disaster occurred last week in a shaft of the Soudan Coal Company, near Wilkesbarre, Pa. The shaft was 300 feet deep, and was being worked by a team of men. The shaft was 300 feet deep, and was being worked by a team of men. The shaft was 300 feet deep, and was being worked by a team of men.

A special car, containing representatives of the press of Detroit, Cleveland, Toledo and other Ohio towns, started last Tuesday on an excursion over the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad at the invitation of the latter.

WM. SMITH, a young man of about 20 years of age, son of A. N. Smith, of Lima, was killed Friday night on the Dayton and Michigan railroad a few miles south of that place. He was sitting on the track, and unnoticed by the engineer.

LOUIS VALKEN, president of Mt. Airy, while shooting cats recently with a double-barreled gun, wounded one, and attempting to strike another with the butt of his gun, exploded the remaining barrel, severing an artery in his thigh, causing death in a few moments.

At Stenboville, on Tuesday, the boiler of M. Baile's & Sons' brewery exploded with tremendous force, lifting itself fifteen feet up and through a frame house and struck across the street, a distance of nearly 300 feet. Fortunately no one was hurt. Two employees were slightly injured. The loss is estimated at \$15,000.

Ten following postal changes in Ohio are announced: Established—Beamsville, Darke county, Adam Beam, Postmaster. Discontinued—East Cleveland and Newburgh, Cuyahoga county Postmasters Appointed—Rollersville, Sandusky county, Samuel Klot; Selma, Clark county, Enoch T. Hollingsworth; Weaver's Corners, Huron county, Milo McCullis; Windsor Mills, Ashtabula county, Ackland H. Skinner.

CLEMENT J. ACTON, formerly a member of the firm of Acton, Clark & Co., of Cincinnati, recently attempted suicide by cutting his throat with a razor. His wife attempted to wrench the razor from him, and was cut severely on the hand. Her screams brought Col. W. P. Anderson to her aid, and he disarmed Acton. The wound is severe, but not necessarily fatal, as no arteries were severed. It is reported that Mr. Acton lost heavily in railroad speculations, causing temporary derangement of his mind.

Ten banded warehouse of R. W. Caldwell's distillery at Cincinnati was struck by lightning on Friday last, and burned down with over 700 barrels of whiskey. The loss is \$23,000; fully insured. The flash, which set it on fire, seemed to be a forked one. Three or four places in the neighborhood were struck simultaneously with the distillery, though the latter alone suffered the only serious damage. Guest street bridge, and a fire-engine house, both in the neighborhood, were struck, and a girl, standing in a door, was shocked and knocked down.

JAMES SHAY, who, with his father and brother, served in the 8th Pennsylvania cavalry during the late war, and afterward learned the trade of a machinist and engineer, has just learned that a lawsuit has been decided in his favor at Philadelphia by which he becomes the possessor of \$1,000,000. His father was killed in battle, leaving property valued at \$800,000, which has for some time been in litigation, but the suit has now ended as stated above. At the time of receiving the good news Mr. Shay was employed as engineer of the tug G. R. Hand, of Toledo.

ONTO patents: Bridge-trusses, John H. Wall, Wilmington; horse-power equalizers, A. A. Sheets, Muncie City; devices for rearing sails, J. Whitington, Elida; presses, Edward Van Gosen, Forest; car-couplings, Geo. W. Kyle, Milo; throttle-valves, Reinhard Schneider and John H. McNamara, Newark; clothes-driers, John Theobald, Cleveland; tram-trasses, Samuel B. Williams, Bridgeport; multiple sails, Julius C. Hintz, Canton; extension-balls, Anthony Dubroy and John P. Wagner, Cleveland; horse-rakes Robert Brown, Dayton; washing-machines, A. O'Dell, Dayton; bands for hubs, C. H. Lickley, Venice; compression members of bridges, Alexander E. Brown, Cleveland; compression-pendulums, C. M. C. Prentiss, Monroeville; corn-markers, Miles A. Throckmorton, Andersonville.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.—Says the Chicago Tribune: A female convict named Kate Connolly recently escaped from Sing Sing Prison by lowering herself from a window of the prison hospital with a rope. When 15 years of age she escaped from Blackwell's Island by peddling away on a gale. In 1869 she escaped from Sing Sing by sliding down a lightning-rod. And yet there are people who still persist in claiming that women have no rights, that they are crushed down by the tyrant man, and that they are not allowed to do what they can do just as well as men. Kate Connolly, however, seems to have the faculty of enjoying her rights of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, notwithstanding all the efforts of the law or of man to restrain her.

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The customs receipts for the fiscal year ending June 30, were \$156,473,171, an aggregate local revenue receipts for the same period were \$109,186,373.

For the first time in twenty-two years the Treasury Department has been reorganized. The number of employees is fixed at 2,291 persons, with an aggregate annual compensation of \$2,854,151.50, showing a reduction by the bill of 384 employees, and a saving of \$507,600.45.

VICE-President Wilson has published a long letter in reply to the recent adverse criticism upon him which has appeared in the Republican press in reference to his doing and utterances on his recent tour.

The New York Prohibitionists met in convention at Syracuse, last week, and adopted a series of strong prohibitory resolutions. The following tickets were put in the field: Secretary of State, G. D. Duesenberg; Comptroller, Anson A. Hopkins; Treasurer, Stephen B. Ayers; Canal Engineer and Surveyor, Geo. A. Dudley; Canal Commissioner, Ira D. Bell; State Prison Trustee, John B. Gibb; Attorney-General, Eli T. Marsh.

The Iowa Republican held their State Convention at Des Moines on Wednesday, June 30, and nominated the following ticket for State officers: For Governor, Samuel J. Kirkwood; for Lieutenant Governor, Geo. W. Taylor; for Secretary of State, John B. Gibb; for Attorney-General, Eli T. Marsh.

The California Democratic met in State Convention at San Francisco on June 30, and nominated William I. Forster for Governor. Congressman J. E. Lowell has been nominated for the Democrats of the Third California District.

A serious revolution has broken out in the State of Mexico. General, who stole a portion of Mexico's famous picture from the Cathedral of Mexico, and who was kidnapped to Cuba and subsequently sent to Spain, was shot a few weeks after his arrival at Madrid, without trial by a drum-head court-martial.

At Valparaiso, South America, recently, a terrible gale occurred, doing an immense damage to the shipping and occasioning the loss of fifty lives. Fearful inundations have recently occurred in Bohemia, Moravia, Carinthia and Tyrol, and have resulted in the loss of many lives, and in much property.

A special dispatch from San Francisco announces that the revolution against the Mexican government at Mexico City has been suppressed, and that the Mexican troops had been sent from Mazatlan to quell the movement.

A furious rain and thunder storm passed over the city of Pader, Hungary, a few days ago, destroying many lives and property. At least 100 were drowned, and 500 are reported missing.

The bill providing for a national debt sinking fund has passed a third reading in the British Parliament.

A fire at Palacios, in the Province of Seville, Spain, destroyed 140 houses.

Edmond Jones & Co., London, in the East India trade, have failed, with liabilities at \$750,000.

The French Assembly has voted \$300,000 for the relief of the sufferers by inundations.

Ferdinand I, ex-Emperor of Austria, died at Prague, last week, aged 82.

A royal ordinance has been issued commanding that members of Carlist juntas, and all members of which were in the Carlist service, be expelled from Spain, and directing that the property of Carlists be confiscated and devoted to indemnifying communities suffering from Carlist ravagings.

The great international rifle match at Dublin, Ireland, was attended by an immense crowd of people, and the enthusiasm was intense. At 800 yards the Irish team scored 338 against 337 for the Americans, but at the range of 900 and 1,000 yards, the American team led the total score to a majority of 38 points, or 927 to 922.

In the evening a grand banquet was given at the Hotel de Ville, in honor of the Lord Mayor of Dublin at the Mansion House. A large number of distinguished guests, including the Lord Mayor of London and York, were present. The Irish friends admit the superiority of the Americans throughout the match, and acknowledge that their victory was fairly won.

The Municipal Council of Paris has voted \$20,000 for the relief of the sufferers.

President MacMahon and Minister Buffet have left Paris for the scene of the destruction.

The copy of the *Tribune* held by Shanks was torn to shreds. After a few minutes these pugnacious pressmen were separated and taken by the officers before Judge Neilson, who advised them, in the words of the immortal Watts, that their gentle hands were never made to tear other men's eyes out, and discharged them, on an understanding to answer the charge, before the terrible Judge Wilt, to-morrow, of fighting in court. The combatants came back, smiling and happy in the consciousness of duty faithfully discharged.

WHOLESALE POISONING. A Mystery at Iowa College which baffles the Doctors.

A letter from the Iowa Agricultural College, at Ames, Iowa, tells the following occurrence:

On the 3d inst., from the hours of 8 in the evening to the morning of the 4th, 102 students, male and female, were seized with illness—all affected quite suddenly. In some cases, the illness was of a severe character, the ladies suffering by far the most. The general character of the symptoms was choleric, consisting of violent purging, excessive griping pains, some vomiting, and in some cases, delirium, and in some cases, great dyspnea. Pains ran to 100 and 120, yet without force and fullness. Severe pain was depicted in the countenance, and altogether the situation was an alarming one.

The symptoms indicated poisoning, and strong remedies were applied to the strong symptoms, and within twenty-four hours from the period of attack all were recovered, and returned to their duties, well. Fifteen were still ill, all of whom were ladies. Day after day one or two recovered, and when five days had passed, all were recovered, and returned to their duties, well.

All sorts of rumors prevailed—some plausible, some absurd, some preposterous. President Welch, who was unusually absent at the time, returned, and in union with others of the faculty, sought by all possible means to obtain the cause. The buildings were carefully inspected, and their sanitary condition found to be all right. The water tanks were examined and nothing found that could be productive of such results.

I thoroughly and searchingly analyzed the efforts of the day of attack as remembered, and also the water supply, and the results were as follows:

The whole number of sick was 102; 100 male, and 2 female. 36 were sick; 21 died, but 10 were recovered, and returned to their duties, well. 107 are grave, and 66 were sick; 66 did not eat, 26 were sick and 8 were doubtful; 120 ate, 36 did not use milk, 10 were sick and 16 were doubtful; 125 ate, 74 were sick; 48 did not eat, 169 were sick and 7 were doubtful; 169 ate, 169 were sick; 13 did not eat, 80 were sick; 45 did not eat, 10 were sick; 150 drank water, 88 were sick; 23 did not drink it, 12 were sick and 8 were doubtful; 141 drank milk, 85 were sick; 36 did not use milk, 10 were sick and 4 were doubtful; 143 ate apple sauce, 85 were sick; 37 did not eat it, 15 were sick and 13 doubtful.

GREAT FLOOD IN FRANCE. Hundreds of Lives Destroyed—One Town Almost Entirely Swept Away—2,000 People Reported Missing.

A cable dispatch from Paris, dated June 25, says:

The damage to property and loss of life by the flood in the river Garonne is greater than the previous reports have indicated. At Toulouse alone the bodies of 100 persons who were drowned were found in the houses which were flooded, but left standing. Many other people perished, and their bodies were carried off by the houses they were swept away.

The loss of life by the flood at Toulouse is appalling. At St. Cyprien nearly 215 corpses have already been found. The violence of the torrent frustrated the efforts to rescue the unfortunate inmates of houses. Several men were drowned in the attempt. Twenty thousand persons are deprived of their homes, and the loss of life is estimated at 400. In the District of Aix, some department, two villages are completely submerged, and many dead bodies have been found.

President MacMahon and Minister Buffet have left Paris for the scene of the destruction.

The Municipal Council of Paris has voted \$20,000 for the relief of the sufferers.

Eighty persons were drowned in Vendée. Eight hundred houses have fallen in Toulouse.

At Bordeaux the Garonne is much swollen, but no serious catastrophe is reported.

It is said that altogether over 1,000 lives have been lost.

Later telegrams from France say that 900 persons perished in the flood at Toulouse alone. The outbreak of an epidemic is feared. It is believed that 2,000 houses have been swept away in the town and its environs. The damage there is estimated at from 212,000 to 215,000.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* makes an appeal to British charity in behalf of the sufferers. The London *Daily News* special says that the lowest estimate of deaths in the flooded districts is 2